

Collegiate Winds

Non-music majors who wish to audition for Collegiate Winds only should prepare the following two pages:

- I. Compulsories
- II. Lyrical Etude (Concone)

Compulsories

#1 - Full Range Scale with Articulation Pattern - At a tempo that demonstrates evenness of rhythm, depth of tone, and impeccable intonation. - Notes in [brackets] are optional.

Bassoon

Measures 1-4 of the Bassoon part from 'The Swan' by Saint-Saëns. The notation is in bass clef, 4/4 time, and B-flat major. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a triplet in measure 3 and a sixteenth-note triplet in measure 4.

#2 - Single Tongue - As fast as possible, while presenting clear articulations, accurate rhythm, and a consistent pulse of your choosing.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written in bass clef, 3/4 time, with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The melody consists of eighth notes, with many groups of three notes beamed together and marked with a '3' below them, indicating triplets. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

Bassoon

Lyrical Etude

Craft your own interpretation of this etude by adding expressive markings that reflect the depth and maturity of your musicianship.

Concone



Wind Symphony, Symphonic Band, Symphony Orchestra Winds

Music majors and non-majors who wish to be considered for placement in all ensembles should prepare the following materials:

- I. Holst "Second Suite in F"
 - a. Excerpt as noted
- II. Vaughan Williams "Toccata Marziale"
 - a. Excerpts as noted
- III. Mozart *Serenade in B-flat, K. 361* "Gran Partita"
 - a. Excerpts as noted
- IV. Mozart Overture to "The Marriage of Figaro"
 - a. Excerpt as noted
- V. Berlioz "Symphonie Fantastique"
 - a. Excerpt as noted

Tempo: Quarter note equals 116-120

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Toccata Marziale Ralph Vaughan Williams

Tempo: Quarter note equals 104

Excerpt 1

52 54 55 56 57

pp

58 59 60 61 62 63 64

mf

65

f

Toccata Marziale Ralph Vaughan Williams

Tempo: Quarter note equals 104

Excerpt 2

Excerpt 2 of the Toccata Marziale by Ralph Vaughan Williams, measures 91 through 101. The music is in 2/4 time and B-flat major. Measure 91 is a single measure in treble clef. Measures 92-95 are in bass clef, with measure 95 marked *p*. Measures 96-101 are in bass clef, with measure 96 marked with a circled '15' and measure 101 ending with a double bar line.

Serenade in B-Flat, "Gran Partita" Mozart

Tema con Variazioni

Tempo: Quarter note equals 66

Excerpt 2 of the Serenade in B-Flat, "Gran Partita" by Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, Variation II, measures 1 through 5. The music is in 2/4 time and B-flat major. Measure 1 is marked *dolce*. Measure 5 is marked with a circled '5' and ends with a double bar line. The notation includes various ornaments and trills.

Serenade in B-Flat, "Gran Partita" Mozart

Finale

Tempo: Quarter note equals 136



"Overture" to the Marriage of Figaro Mozart

139 *pp*

145 *ff*

156 *p*

163 *f*

1 2 3 4 5 6

Detailed description: This block contains four staves of musical notation for measures 139 to 163. The first staff (139-144) features a rapid sixteenth-note melody in the right hand, starting with a *pp* dynamic. The second staff (145-155) shows a more active bass line with a *ff* dynamic. The third staff (156-162) returns to a rapid sixteenth-note melody in the right hand with a *p* dynamic. The fourth staff (163) begins a new melodic phrase in the right hand with a *f* dynamic, marked with fingerings 1 through 6.

Symphonie Fantastique Berlioz

Excerpt 2 - Movement IV: 2 measures before [52] to [53]

Bassoon 1

I. *p*

Soli. a 2. *mf*

cresc.

f

6 [51] *f*

[52] *p*

Soli. a 2. *f*

[53] *f*

Detailed description: This block contains five staves of musical notation for measures 51 to 53, specifically for Bassoon 1. The first staff (measures 50-51) starts with a *p* dynamic and includes the instruction 'I.'. The second staff (measures 51-52) begins with a *mf* dynamic, marked 'Soli. a 2.', and includes a crescendo marking. The third staff (measures 52-53) starts with a *p* dynamic and includes the instruction 'Soli. a 2.'. The fourth and fifth staves continue the melodic line, with measure 53 marked with a *f* dynamic and a fermata.